

#### STAUDENSAMEN - PERENNIAL SEEDS - GRAINES DE PLANTES VIVACES

#### Produktion - Züchtung - Samentechnologie · Production - Breeding - Seed Technology



# ALCEA rosea plena Chaters-Series 'Chaters magnificent mixture'

Hollyhock

Item No.: AT304

Portion Price (sufficient for 50-100 plants)	1g Price (0.1-9.9g)	10g Price (10-99.9g)	100g Price (100-999.9g)	1000g Price (1000-9999.9g)	10000g Price (10000-99999.9g)
4,20€	5,00€	38,00€	310,00€	2.480,00€	-

#### **Plant Description**

Article Type JET® pure seed

Life CycleBiennialFamilyMalvaceaeOriginSouthwest Asia

Special Features A mix of magnificent Chaters, saucer-shaped double blossoms of many colors.

See also 'Chaters chestnut-brown', 'Chaters chamois', 'Chaters pink', 'Chaters purple', 'Chaters red (scarlet)', 'Chaters salmon pink', 'Chaters violet', 'Chaters yellow', 'Chaters white'. A popular self-sowing, biennial that has been long

associated with cottage gardens.

Historical Origin of species is debatable but most likely found along the Silk Road from

Turkey to Asia.

Basic Colour (mixture)

Flower Colour mixture of chestnut-brown, chamois, pink, purple, red, salmon pink, violet, yellow

Natural Flowering Period May - October

Winter Hardiness Zones Z3 - Z10

Foliage petiolated, round to shallowly lobed, medium green

Growth Habit upright, erect

Height with Flowers180 cmSpacing between Plants60 cm

Soil Requirements well-drained / average

Location

Characteristics solitary plant

**Usage** suitable for cutting

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#### Cultivation

Grams per 1000 seeds 4.7619 Gram

Seeds per Gram 210 (does not correspond to the number of plants!)

Gram to get 1000 plants 10 Gram (if sown directly into pots etc. you will need a larger quantity)

Sowing Rates/Trays 4 per cell
Plug tray recommended size(s) 72 / 128

Sowing Direction (15) Rapidly germinating, keep seed in constant moisture (not wet) with

temperatures of about +20°C [68°F]. Seeds must be covered thinly. Do not cover very small seeds, but tightly press into the earth. Keep in cooler conditions

after germination occurs.

## Scheduling

Best Sowing Date Anytime (northern Hemisphere, Field condition)

Sowing to Germination 2 - 3 weeks

Germination to Transplant 4 - 6 weeks

Transplanting to Potting 4 - 6 weeks

Cutting back at Transplanting Cut-back once to keep more compact.

## **Growing On**

Container Size(s) 1-2 plugs per 11/12 cm (4 1/2") / 2-3 plugs per 15 cm (6")

**Vernalization**There is no current research on vernalization but a prudent recommendation for

any perennial would be 6-12 weeks (a few might need 15 weeks!) at an average daily temperature of 40°F (5°C). Exposure to cold may not be necessary for

flowering but might improve quality.

Forcing An obvious place to experiment - following vernalization - would be raising

daytime temperatures to 60° - 65°F (15° - 17°C). Provide 16 hours of continuous lighting. During the short days of winter, provide a night interruption

lighting of 4 hours between 10:00 p.m. and 2:00 a.m.

Fertilizer Medium (150-200 ppm)