



CLEMATIS texensis

Scarlet Clematis, Crimson Clematis

Item No.: CA572

Portion Price (usually sufficient for approx. 50 plants)	1g Price (0.1-9.9g)	10g Price (10-99.9g)	100g Price (100-999.9g)	1000g Price (1000-9999.9g)	10000g Price (10000-99999.9g)
5,80€	9,20€	-	-	-	-

Plant Description

Article Type	pure seed
Life Cycle	Perennial
Family	Ranunculaceae
Origin	North-America, Texas: rocky slopes, streamsides.
Special Features	Red to dark rose bell shaped, almost tulip shaped flowers. Abundant and long lasting flowering untill frost. Suitable for natural landscaping. Deer resistant. Drought tolerant. Suitable for bed background and privacy screen (Living Wall).
Basic Colour	(pink / salmon)
Flower Colour	red to dark rose bell shaped flowers
Natural Flowering Period	July - September
Winter Hardiness Zones	Z4 - Z8
Foliage	Pinnate, ovate to nearly round, green.
Growth Habit	climbing
Height with Flowers	150 cm
Spacing between Plants	50 cm
Soil Requirements	well-drained / average
Location	☀️ 🌿 🌞

Cultivation

Grams per 1000 seeds	15.38462 Gram
Seeds per Gram	65 (does not correspond to the number of plants!)
Gram to get 1000 plants	30 Gram (if sown directly into pots etc. you will need a larger quantity)

Sowing Direction

(1) Cold-germinators are still referred to as frost-germinators, although this isn't quite correct. The sowing must be kept warm (about +18 to +22°C) [about 64 to 72°F] and moist for the first 2–4 weeks. After this period the sowing must be kept at a cold temperature (between –4 and +4°C) [between 25 and 39°F] for another 4–6 weeks. Colder temperatures of –5°C [23°F] are only advantageous for most species of the Ranunculus family. It is not so important if the temperature is higher or lower during the cooling period, but the cooling period has to be prolonged because the synthesis of the germination inducer, hormon-like acid, slows down or comes to a standstill. It is beneficial to cover the sowing with snow during the cooling-period. The temperature below it usually keeps in the optimum range of –4 to 0°C [25 to 32°F]. The sowing is kept moist, and the melting snow helps to destroy the shell, which is advantageous for the germinating seedling. After this cooling-period the sowing may not be immediately exposed to high temperatures. The most effective temperatures are between +5 to +12°C [41 to 54°F], even if germination has started. The best location for this sowing, even in March, April and May, is the open field, the cold frame or a cold greenhouse.

Scheduling**Sowing Time Hint**

Best to sow late fall to late winter.

Growing On**Container Size(s)**

1-2 plugs per 11/12 cm (4 1/2")

Fertilizer

Medium (150-200 ppm)